



RESEARCH TOPIC MECM_20

Glial-enriched stem-cell 3D model of smoldering inflammation in multiple sclerosis: towards a drug screening cellular platform

Curriculum

MECM Standard

Research Area

Neuro

Laboratory name

Experimental Neuropathology Lab

Research Supervisor

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Abstract

In the central nervous system (CNS), the role of macroglia-microglia axis in sustaining self-autonomous inflammation and driving clinical progression in multiple sclerosis (MS) is attracting increasing scientific and pharmacological interest. In absence of clear preclinical animal models of smoldering MS lesion formation and maintenance, here, we propose an experimental platform using 3D hiPSC-derived self-organizing submillimetric forebrain organoids. Our preliminary data support that this in vitro cellular system is responsive to external stimuli such as complex inflammatory pulses and drug-induced oxidative stress, by properly mimicking macroglia-microglia neurodegenerative phenotypes and communication patterns seen in chronic active MS lesions.

The current proposal includes 2 specific aims: (a) to optimize our 3D stem cell-based model to generate reproducible MS-inflamed organoids resembling the chronic inflammatory CNS environment of MS lesions; (b) to expose MS-inflamed organoids to selected compounds, currently under investigation in MS, targeting relevant pathways in critical glial populations to assess their pharmacological potential. The results obtained by this study will pave the way for the implementation of such innovative 3D multilineage cellular model for drug screening of repurposed and/or newly synthesized drugs to counteract smoldering neurodegeneration and inflammation in MS.

Main technical approaches

hiPSC cell culture expertise; Drug screening on cell cultures; Immunostainings

Scientific references

1. Fagiani, F. ... Absinta M. Spatially-restricted inflammation-induced senescent-like glia in multiple sclerosis and patient-derived organoids. Nature Communications 2025



2. Fagiani, F. ... Absinta M. A glia-enriched stem cell 3D model of the human brain mimics the glial-immune neurodegenerative phenotypes of multiple sclerosis. *Cell Rep Med.* 2024
3. Summers, R. A., Fagiani, F., Rowitch, D. H., Absinta, M. & Reich, D. S. Novel human iPSC models of neuroinflammation in neurodegenerative disease and regenerative medicine. *Trends Immunol.* 2024
4. Absinta M, et al., A lymphocyte-microglia-astrocyte axis in chronic active multiple sclerosis. *Nature* 2021
5. Absinta M, et al., Association of Chronic Active Multiple Sclerosis Lesions With Disability In Vivo. *JAMA Neurol.* 2019

Type of contract

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